

No. of Printed Pages : 2

BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2012

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN
CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : *Attempt all questions. Attempt all parts of a question at one place.*

1. Sohan Lal, a 40 years male, has been admitted with complaint of nausea, vomiting, abdominal colic and constipation. He has been diagnosed as a case of acute intestinal obstruction. Answer the following questions. 2+3+3+7=15
- (a) Define Acute Intestinal Obstruction.
 - (b) Explain the pathophysiology of Acute Intestinal Obstruction.
 - (c) List the clinical features of acute intestinal obstruction.
 - (d) Describe the Nursing management of Sohan Lal.
2. (a) Define Pulmonary Oedema. 2+5+8=15
- (b) Explain the signs and symptoms of pulmonary oedema.

- (c) Describe the nursing management of a critically ill patient with pulmonary oedema.
3. (a) Define Acute Coronary syndrome. $2+5+8=15$
(b) Explain the clinical features of Acute coronary syndrome.
(c) Describe the Nursing management of a patient with Acute Coronary Syndrome.
4. (a) Define raised intracranial pressure. $2+3+5=10$
(b) List the clinical manifestation of raised intracranial pressure.
(c) Describe the nursing management of a critically ill patient with raised intracranial pressure.
5. Write short notes on *any three* of the following :
(a) Nursing management of a patient under going renal transplantation. $3 \times 5 = 15$
(b) Nursing intervention in hypoglycemia.
(c) Classification of Burns.
(d) Nursing intervention in Polytraumia.
(e) Nursing management of a patient with shock.
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BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

00835

Term-End Examination

June, 2013

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN
CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : Attempt all the questions. Attempt all parts of questions
at one place.*

1. SitaRam a 45 year male has been admitted to the emergency ward with the complaint of acute abdominal pain, tenderness and abdominal distention. On examination he has been diagnosed as a case of acute perforative peritonitis. Answer the following questions. **2+3+3+7=15**
- (a) Define acute perforative peritonitis.
 - (b) Explain the etiology and clinical manifestations.
 - (c) Explain the nursing management of SitaRam.
2. (a) Define Pulmonary Embolism. **2+5+8=15**
- (b) Discuss the pathological changes that occur in a patient with Pulmonary Embolism.
 - (c) Describe nursing management of a patient with Pulmonary Embolism.

3. (a) Define Hypertensive crisis. $2+3+3+7=15$
- (b) Explain the causes of Hypertensive crisis.
- (c) List the clinical manifestation of Hypertensive crisis.
- (d) Describe the nursing management of a patient with hypertensive crisis.
4. (a) Define cerebrovascular accident/stroke. $2+3+5=10$
- (b) List the clinical manifestations of cerebrovascular accident /stroke.
- (c) Describe the nursing management of a patient with stroke.
5. Write short notes on **any three** of the following : $5 \times 3 = 15$
- (a) Nursing management of a patient with Acute Tubular Necrosis.
- (b) Nursing management of a patient with thyroid crisis.
- (c) Nursing intervention in a patient with burn injury.
- (d) Triage and coding
- (e) Nursing management of a patient in status epilepticus.

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BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2013

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN
CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt all the questions.

Attempt all parts of question at one place.

1. Mohan 39 years has been admitted with complaint of abdominal pain in mid epigastric region radiating to back. The pain is deep piercing and severe and aggravated by eating. He has been diagnosed as a case of Pancreatitis. Answer the following : 2+3+3+7=15
- (a) Define acute pancreatitis.
 - (b) List the etiological factors of acute pancreatitis
 - (c) Explain how you will as critical care nurse assess the severity of pancreatitis.
 - (d) Describe the nursing management of acute pancreatitis.
2. (a) Define Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS) 2+2+6=10
- (b) List the clinical manifestations of ARDS.
 - (c) Describe nursing management of a critically ill patient with ARDS.

3. (a) Define Arrhythmia 1+2+7=10
(b) List the Arrhythmias originating from SA Node.
(c) Describe any two of the Arrhythmias.
4. (a) Define Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)
(b) List the causes of TBI 1+2+10+2=15
(c) Describe the nursing management of a patient with TBI.
(d) Differentiate between contusion and Laceration.
5. Write short notes on **any four** of the following : 5x4=20
- (a) Nursing management of a patient in Bladder Trauma.
(b) Nursing management of a patient with Thyroid crisis.
(c) Triage and coding
(d) Nursing management of a patient with Scepticaemia
(e) Nursing management in Anaphylactic reaction.
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BNS-032

DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE NURSING

Term-End Examination

June, 2014

BNS-032 :NURSING MANAGEMENT IN CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt all questions. Attempt all parts of a question at one place.

1. (a) Define perforative peritonitis. 2
 - (b) Explain pathophysiological changes of perforative peritonitis. 3
 - (c) List clinical manifestations in perforation peritonitis. 3
 - (d) Describe the nursing management of a critically ill patient with perforative peritonitis 7
2. Sohan Lal a 40 year old has been admitted with the complaint of acute respiratory distress. He has been diagnosed as a case of pleural effusion. Answer following.
- (a) Define pleural effusion. 2
 - (b) List clinical manifestation of pleural effusion 3
 - (c) Describe therapeutic management and nursing management of Sohan Lal. 5

3. (a) Define Heart failure **1**
(b) State classification of Heart failure **2**
(c) List clinical manifestation of Heart failure **4**
(d) Describe the nursing management of a patient with Heart failure. **8**
4. Ajit 28 years has sustained spinal cord injury due to road traffic accident and has been admitted in trauma centre. Answer the following
(a) Define Spinal cord injury **2**
(b) State classification of spinal cord injury **3**
(c) Describe the nursing management of Ajit- using nursing process approach **10**
5. Write short notes on *any three* of the following. **5x3=15**
(a) Nursing management of a patient with diabetic ketoacidosis
(b) Nursing intervention in Acute Tubular Necrosis
(c) Complication of Burns .
(d) Nursing management of a patient with poisoning.
(e) Nursing management of a patient with multiple organ dysfunction syndrome.

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BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2014

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN
CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : *Attempt all questions.*

Attempt all parts of a question at one place.

1. Mr. Uday Singh, 60 years old, is admitted in ICU with stroke. **3+4+8=15**
 - (a) Enumerate the pre-disposing factors of stroke.
 - (b) List the diagnostic procedures for diagnosis of stroke.
 - (c) Discuss the nursing management of Mr. Uday Singh using Nursing Process approach.

2. Mrs. Soni is admitted to emergency ward with anaphylactic reactions due to hypersensitivity to drug. **5+5=10**
 - (a) Enlist the clinical manifestation likely to be present in Mrs. Soni.
 - (b) Discuss the nursing management of Mrs. Soni.

3. Mrs. Shabana, 35 years old female, is admitted in critical unit with Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Diseases (COPD). 3+10+2=15
- (a) Define COPD and state the risk factors of COPD.
 - (b) Discuss the nursing management of Shabana.
 - (c) Write the complications that she can develop.
4. Mr. Omprakash, a case of End Stage Renal Diseases (ESRD) has to undergo Renal Transplantation. 5+7+3=15
- (a) State the classification of donors and their eligibility.
 - (b) Discuss the post-operative nursing management for Mr. Omprakash.
 - (c) List the complications of renal transplantation.
5. Write short notes on **any three** of the following emphasising nurses' responsibilities : 3x5=15
- (a) Patient with ventricular fibrillation
 - (b) Patient with fulminant hepatic failure
 - (c) A patient having myasthenia gravis
 - (d) Fluid replacement therapy for burns
 - (e) Management of patient with status Asthmaticus
 - (f) Nursing management of patient with Thyroid Crisis
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BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2015

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN
CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : *Attempt all questions.*

Attempt all parts of a question at one place.

1. "Competent Critical Care nurses play an important role in reducing mortality rate by providing prompt and priority based nursing care". **5+10=15**
 - (a) Discuss the clinical manifestation of a patient with acute Myocardial infarction.
 - (b) Describe Post Operative Nursing Management of a patient with open heart surgery.

2. Mrs. Chawla, 60 years old lady, a known diabetic is admitted in critical care unit with Diabetic Ketoacidosis (DKA) : **5+5+5=15**
 - (a) Define diabetic ketoacidosis. What are the causes of DKA ?
 - (b) List the clinical manifestations of DKA.
 - (c) Discuss the nursing management of Mrs. Chawla.

3. Mr. Rakesh, 30 years old male, is admitted to the hospital with multiple injuries following a Road Traffic Accident. **5+5+5=15**
- (a) List the causes and types of trauma.
 - (b) Explain the primary assessment that you will as a critical care nurse carry out for Rakesh in emergency department.
 - (c) State the complications of polytrauma.
4. 'Shock is a complex syndrome of cardio-pulmonary haemodynamic and vascular changes that reduce cellular perfusion and oxygen transport'. Nurses face a challenge in caring for a patient under shock. **5+5=10**
- (a) Discuss the common types of shock and their causes.
 - (b) Explain the clinical manifestation of a patient with shock.
5. Write short notes on **any three** of the following :
- (a) Nursing management of patient with acute gastro intestinal bleeding **5x3=15**
 - (b) Flailchest (Flail chest)
 - (c) Cardiac Pacing
 - (d) Glasgow Coma Scale
 - (e) Status Epilepticus
 - (f) Clinical Manifestations of a patient with COPD
-

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BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2015

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN
CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt all the questions. Attempt all parts of a question at one place.

1. (a) Describe various types of burns. **4+4+7=15**
(b) Explain the pathophysiological changes in burns.
(c) Discuss the nursing management of a patient with burn injury.

2. (a) Define open heart surgery. **2+5+8=15**
(b) Discuss the preparation of patient with open heart surgery.
(c) Describe the nursing management of a patient who has undergone open heart surgery.

3. (a) Define the term Diabetic ketoacidosis. **2+5+8=15**
(b) Explain the causes and pathophysiology of Diabetic Ketoacidosis.
(c) Describe nursing management of a patient with Diabetic Ketoacidosis.

4. (a) Enumerate the etiological factors of acute pancreatitis. **4+3+8=15**
- (b) List the clinical manifestations of a patient with acute pancreatitis
- (c) Discuss the nursing management of a patient with acute pancreatitis.
5. Write short notes on **any two** of the following :
- (a) Management of septicemic patients. **5x2=10**
- (b) Nursing intervention of status epilepticus.
- (c) Nursing management of patient with Bladder trauma.
- (d) Nursing management of a patient with pneumonia.



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BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

00197

Term-End Examination

June, 2016

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN CRITICAL
CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : Attempt **all** questions. Attempt all parts of a question at one place.*

1. (a) Enlist the causes and types of polytrauma.
(b) Describe the clinical manifestations of polytrauma.
(c) Discuss the nursing interventions of a patient with polytrauma. 3+4+8=15

2. (a) Define traumatic brain injury.
(b) Differentiate between epidural hematoma and subdural hematoma.
(c) Describe the nursing care of a patient with traumatic brain injury. 2+3+10=15

3. (a) List the indications and contraindications of renal transplantation.
- (b) Describe pre and post-operative management of a patient with renal transplantation. $4+6=10$
4. (a) Define acute gastrointestinal bleeding.
- (b) List the causes of upper gastrointestinal bleeding.
- (c) Explain pathophysiology of acute gastrointestinal bleeding, with the help of a flow chart.
- (d) Describe the nursing management of a patient with acute gastrointestinal bleeding. $1+3+4+7=15$
5. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : $3 \times 5 = 15$
- (a) Health education of a patient with implanted pacemaker.
- (b) Nursing interventions of a patient with acute coronary syndrome.
- (c) Nursing management of a patient with acute respiratory distress syndrome.
- (d) Organ donation.
- (e) Nursing interventions in drug overdose and poisoning.

No. of Printed Pages : 3

BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

00713 December, 2016

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN CRITICAL
CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : Attempt all questions. Attempt all parts of a
question at one place.*

1. Mr. Kundan Singh, 56 years old man, has been admitted with Hepatic failure. He is scheduled to undergo Liver Transplantation.
 - (a) What are the etiological factors for liver failure ?
 - (b) List the clinical manifestations of Hepatic failure.
 - (c) State the absolute contraindications for liver transplantation.
 - (d) Discuss the nursing management of Mr. Kundan Singh. 4+5+4+7=20

2. Ajay, a 22-year-old male, has been admitted with Traumatic pneumothorax following chest injury.
- List the signs and symptoms of traumatic pneumothorax.
 - Explain the treatment modalities for Ajay.
 - How will you, as a nurse, assess that the patient is developing flail chest ? $3+5+7=15$
3. Mr. Jagmohan, a 62-year-old male, is admitted with the diagnosis of Myocardial Infarction. Discuss his condition under the following headings : $5+5+10=20$
- Pathophysiology of Myocardial Infarction
 - Clinical manifestations of Myocardial Infarction
 - Therapeutic and Nursing Management in Myocardial Infarction

OR

Mrs. Shobha Devi, a 48-year-old female, was operated for Space Occupying Lesion. She develops raised intracranial pressure during the post-operative period.

- What are the clinical manifestations in raised intracranial pressure ?
- Explain the pathophysiology of raised intracranial pressure.
- Discuss the medical and nursing management for Mrs. Shobha Devi. $5+5+10=20$

4. Write short notes on any **three** of the following : **3×5=15**
- (a) **Thyroid Crisis**
 - (b) **Management of Anaphylactic Shock**
 - (c) **Status Epilepticus**
 - (d) **Management of Oesophageal Varices**
 - (e) **Assessment of Level of Consciousness for a Patient Under Coma**



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BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2017

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN
CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : (i) Attempt all questions.

(ii) Attempt all parts of a question at one place.

1. Mr. Sumer Singh, 48 years old man, is admitted with Intestinal obstruction. 5+5+10=20
 - (a) Explain the pathophysiology of Intestinal obstruction.
 - (b) State the clinical manifestations of Intestinal obstruction.
 - (c) Discuss the nursing management of Mr. Sumer Singh.

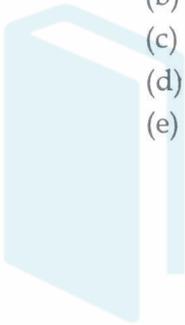
2.
 - (a) List the risk factors of pneumonia. 4+4+7=15
 - (b) Explain briefly the pathophysiology and stages of pneumonia.
 - (c) Discuss the therapeutic and nursing management of pneumonia.

OR

Mr. Rawat, 65 years old male, has been admitted to CCU with Hypertensive Crisis. Discuss his condition under following headings : 4+5+6=15

- (a) Etiology of hypertensive crisis.
- (b) General principles in management of hypertensive urgency.
- (c) Complications of hypertensive crisis.

3. Ms. Ayesha, 30 years old lady, has been admitted in Burns ICU with 65% burns. $3+5+4+3=15$
- (a) Illustrate the estimation of burns by 'Rule of Nine'.
 - (b) Explain the pathophysiological changes following burn injuries.
 - (c) Describe the fluid replacement therapy for Ayesha using Brooke's formula.
 - (d) List the complications of burns.
4. Write short notes on **any four** of the following : $5 \times 4 = 20$
- (a) Management of pulmonary edema.
 - (b) Cardiac tamponade.
 - (c) Thrombolytic therapy.
 - (d) Management of Diabetic Ketoacidosis.
 - (e) Triage and Coding.



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BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2017

01141

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN
CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : (i) *Attempt all Questions.*

(ii) *Attempt all parts of a question at one place.*

-
1. (a) Define raised intracranial Pressure. 2
(b) List the causes of raised intracranial Pressure. 3
(c) Enumerate the clinical manifestations of raised intracranial Pressure. 3
(d) State the management of patient with raised intracranial Pressure. 7
 2. (a) Define pulmonary edema. 2
(b) List the signs and symptoms of pulmonary edema. 4
(c) Discuss the stages of cardiogenic pulmonary edema. 4
 3. Mr. Sen, 60 years old, has been admitted in nephrology ward with ESRD (End Stage Renal Disease) and renal transplantation is indicated for him.
(a) Define Kidney transplantation. 2
(b) Enumerate advantages of renal transplantation. 3
(c) State the management of patient undergoing renal transplantation. 10

4. (a) Define acute Coronary Syndrome. 2
(b) List the clinical manifestations of acute coronary syndrome. 3
(c) Describe the management of the Patient with acute coronary syndrome. 10
5. Write short notes of **any three** of the following :
- (a) Etiological factors of upper G.I. bleeding. $5 \times 3 = 15$
(b) Classification of Shock.
(c) Pathophysiology of Burn injury.
(d) Thyroid Crisis.



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BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2018

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN
CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : (i) Attempt all Questions.

(ii) Attempt all parts of a question at one place.

-
1. (a) Define Cerebro Vascular Accident (CVA). 2
(b) List clinical manifestations of Cerebro Vascular accident. 3
(c) Discuss the nursing management of CVA. 10

 2. Mrs S. Devi, 45 years old, has been admitted with the complaints of acute intestinal obstruction.
 - (a) Define acute intestinal obstruction. 2
 - (b) Enumerate the clinical manifestation of acute intestinal obstruction. 3
 - (c) Describe the Nursing management of acute intestinal obstruction. 5

 3. (a) Enlist the signs and symptoms of heart block. 2
(b) Describe the different types of heart blocks. 8
(c) Discuss the patient and family teaching that you would provide to patients with permanent pacemaker implantation. 5

4. (a) Define polytrauma. 2
(b) List the causes of Trauma. 3
(c) Enumerate the clinical manifestation of polytrauma. 3
(d) Describe the nursing interventions of polytrauma. 7
5. Write short notes on any three of the following : 5x3=15
(a) Hepatic failure
(b) Subarachnoid Haemorrhage
(c) Hypoglycemia
(d) Pleural Empyema



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No. of Printed Pages : 2

BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2018

00765

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN CRITICAL
CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt all questions. Attempt all parts of a question at one place.

1. (a) Define Hepatic Encephalopathy.
- (b) List the etiological factors of hepatic encephalopathy.
- (c) Explain its pathophysiology with the help of a flow chart.
- (d) Describe the nursing management of a patient with hepatic encephalopathy. $2+3+5+5=15$
2. (a) Enlist the risk factors of stroke.
- (b) Explain the clinical manifestations of stroke.
- (c) Discuss the nursing management of a patient with stroke. $2+5+8=15$

3. (a) List the etiological factors of hypertensive crisis.
- (b) Enumerate the pathophysiological changes in hypertensive crisis with the help of a flow chart.
- (c) Discuss the nursing management of a hypertensive patient. $3+4+8=15$
4. (a) Explain the assessment done before renal transplantation.
- (b) Describe the post-operative management of a patient who has undergone renal transplant.
- (c) Discuss the complications of renal transplantation. $5+6+4=15$
5. Write short notes on any *two* of the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$
- (a) Clinical manifestations and complications of Polytrauma
- (b) Pathophysiology of Burns
- (c) Nursing Management of patient with Status Epilepticus
- (d) Etiological factors of Acute Intestinal Obstruction
- (e) Patient education in Heart Failure

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BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING
(DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

00953

June, 2019

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN CRITICAL
CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : Attempt **all** questions. Attempt all parts of a question at one place.*

1. (a) Define pulmonary edema.
(b) List the causes of pulmonary edema.
(c) Distinguish between the features of cardiogenic and non-cardiogenic pulmonary edema.
(d) Describe the nursing management of a patient with pulmonary edema. $2+3+4+6=15$

2. (a) Explain the etiology and mechanisms of spinal cord injury.
(b) Describe the nursing management (nursing process approach) of a patient with spinal cord injury.
(c) List the complications of spinal cord injury. $4+8+3=15$

3. (a) Define Diabetic Ketoacidosis (DKA).
(b) List the causes of DKA.
(c) Explain the pathophysiology of diabetic ketoacidosis with the help of a flow chart.
(d) Describe the nursing management of a patient with diabetic ketoacidosis. $2+2+5+6=15$
4. (a) Define acute pancreatitis.
(b) List the etiological factors of acute pancreatitis.
(c) Describe the nursing management of a patient with acute pancreatitis. $2+3+10=15$
5. Write short notes on any **two** of the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$
- (a) Nursing management of a patient with perforative peritonitis
(b) Pathophysiology and clinical manifestations of Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS)
(c) Clinical manifestations and nursing management of a patient with anaphylaxis
(d) Classification of arrhythmias
(e) Nursing management of a patient with aneurysm
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No. of Printed Pages : 1

BNS-032

DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING (DCCN)

Term-End Examination

December, 2019

BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : (i) Attempt all the questions.
(ii) Attempt all Parts of a question at one place.*

-
1. Mr. Anup, 45 years old man, is admitted with Hepatic Encephalopathy. 5+5+10=20
 - (a) List out the Etiology of Hepatic Encephalopathy.
 - (b) Explain about patho-physiology of Hepatic Encephalopathy.
 - (c) Discuss the Nursing Management of Hepatic Encephalopathy.

 2. 5+5+5=15
 - (a) List the causes of pulmonary edema.
 - (b) Enumerate the sign and symptoms of pulmonary edema.
 - (c) Differentiate between cardiogenic pulmonary edema and non-cardiogenic pulmonary edema.

 3. 5+10=15
 - (a) Discuss the classification of stroke.
 - (b) Describe the nursing management of a patient with stroke.

OR

 - (a) Explain the patho-physiology of interstitial lung disease. 3+3+9
 - (b) List the clinical manifestations of interstitial lung disease.
 - (c) Describe the nursing management of a patient with interstitial lung disease.

 4. Write short notes on **any four** of the following : 4x5=20
 - (a) Collaborative Management of Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome.
 - (b) Classification of burn according to degree.
 - (c) Advantages of Renal Transplantation.
 - (d) Poisoning.
 - (e) Therapeutic Management of Intestinal Obstruction.
-

No. of Printed Pages : 3

BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN
NURSING (DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2020

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN CRITICAL
CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : Attempt all the questions. Attempt all parts
of a question at one place.*

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-
1. (a) Discuss the classification of Heart Failure. 5

 - (b) Write down the pathophysiology of Heart Failure. 5

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- (c) Discuss the nursing management of a patient with heart failure. 5
2. (a) Describe the classification of shock. Explain the pathophysiology of shock. 4
- (b) List down the clinical manifestation of septic shock. 6
- (c) Discuss the management of a patient with septicaemia. 5
3. Mr. Roy, 56 years old man admitted with

Hepatic Failure :

- (a) List the etiological factors of hepatic failure. 5
- (b) Explain the pathophysiology of hepatic failure. 5
- (c) Discuss the therapeutic and nursing management of a patient with hepatic failure. 10

[3]

4. Write short notes on any *four* of the following :

4×5=20

- (a) Nursing management of a patient with Acute pancreatitis
- (b) Drowning
- (c) Nursing intervention of a patient with polytrauma
- (d) Nursing management of a patient with traumatic brain injury.
- (e) Pleural effusion

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BNS-032

**DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN
NURSING (DCCN)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2020

**BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN CRITICAL
CARE CONDITIONS**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : *Attempt all questions. Attempt all parts of a question at one place.*

1. Mrs. S. Sharma, 60 years old, has been admitted with the complaints of acute pancreatitis.

(a) Define acute pancreatitis. 2

(b) Enumerate the clinical manifestation of acute pancreatitis. 3

(c) Describe the nursing management of acute pancreatitis using nursing process. 5

2. (a) Enumerate the etiology of pulmonary edema. 5

(b) Enlist the signs and symptoms of cardiogenic and non-cardiogenic pulmonary edema. 3

P. T. O.

[2]

- (c) Describe the medical management of pulmonary edema. 7
3. (a) Define Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI). 2
- (b) List clinical manifestation of Traumatic Brain Injury. 3
- (c) Discuss the nursing management of TBI. 10
4. (a) Define Shock. 2
- (b) Enumerate the different types of shock and their causes. 5
- (c) List down the diagnostic test of shock. 2
- (d) Describe the collaborative management of shock. 6

5. Write short notes on any *three* of the following :

5×3=15

- (a) Triage and coding
- (b) Renal Transplantation and Post-operative Care
- (c) Status Epilepticus (Nursing Management)
- (d) Management of Cardiac Tamponade.

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